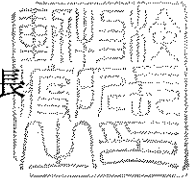


29 動検第 895 号
平成 29 年 11 月 10 日

公益社団法人日本馬事協会長 殿

農林水産省 動物検疫所長



豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬及び国際交流競走出走馬の家畜衛生条件及び証明書様式の改正について

貴会におかれましては、日頃より動物検疫業務に対し御理解、御協力いただき感謝申し上げます。

今般、豪州国内で使用可能な馬インフルエンザワクチンの種類が変更されたことに伴う推奨接種間隔の変更を受け、豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬及び国際交流競走馬の家畜衛生条件について、馬インフルエンザワクチンの接種間隔に関する要件を、新たなワクチンの推奨接種間隔を含めるよう改正したい旨豪州政府当局より要請がありました。

豪州政府当局との協議の結果、馬インフルエンザワクチンの接種間隔に関する要件の改正に合意したため、平成 29 年 11 月 2 日付け 29 消安第 4149 号をもって、消費・安全局長から別添 1 のとおり家畜衛生条件の改正について、消費・安全局動物衛生課長から別添 2 のとおり証明書様式の改正について通知がありましたので、お知らせするとともに、貴会員に周知いただきますようお願いいたします。

別添



29消安第4149号

平成29年11月2日

動物検疫所長 殿

消費・安全局長

豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬及び国際交流競走出走馬の家畜衛生条件の改正について

今般、豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬及び国際交流競走出走馬の家畜衛生条件を別添のとおり改正したので、了知の上、動物検疫の実施に当たっては的確な対応をお願いします。



**ANIMAL HEALTH REQUIREMENTS FOR HORSES
TO BE EXPORTED TO JAPAN FROM AUSTRALIA**

The animal health requirements for horses to be exported to Japan from Australia (except international racehorses, hereinafter referred to as "the exported horse") are applied as follows:

1. Australia is free from African horse sickness, vesicular stomatitis, horse pox, rabies, equine encephalomyelitis (excluding Japanese encephalitis), glanders, equine paratyphoid (*Salmonella abortus-equi*), epizootic lymphangitis, contagious equine metritis, equine piroplasmosis and equine trypanosomiasis.
2. There have been no clinical signs or serologically positive cases of equine infectious anemia, equine influenza, equine rhinopneumonitis, strangles, equine viral arteritis and Japanese encephalitis on stabling premises for at least 3 months prior to shipment to Japan.
3. The exported horses have been stabled on the premises stated in item 2 above for at least 60 days immediately before the commencement of embarkation-quarantine in item 5 below.
4. The exported horses have been vaccinated against equine influenza twice at 3 to 6 weeks intervals (once in case of a booster), and as per manufacturer's instructions, within 1 year prior to entering embarkation-quarantine station using inactivated vaccine.

(Embarkation-quarantine)

5. The exported horses shall be isolated in an embarkation-quarantine station authorized by the government authorities of Australia as a secured and guaranteed place from an animal health point of view, for at least 7 days immediately prior to shipment to Japan. After the entry into the embarkation-quarantine station, the exported horses shall not have contact with other animals which are not destined for the export to Japan. However, in the case that the exported horses are stallions that were vaccinated against equine viral arteritis, the requirement that the exported horses not have contact with other animals is modified to allow the requirements set out in the ANNEX to be satisfied.
6. The exported horses shall have no signs of any infectious disease through careful clinical inspections conducted by the government veterinarians of Australia during the period of the embarkation-quarantine stated in item 5.
7. The exported horses shall test negative for the following diseases within the period of 30 days immediately before shipment to Japan
 - (1) equine infectious anemia : agar gel immunodiffusion test
 - (2) equine viral arteritis : as per ANNEX
 - (3) equine influenza : PCR test for influenza A or equine influenza virus**The tests must be performed twice 7 to 10 days apart with last test performed within 4 days of departure. Each test is to be performed during the embarkation-quarantine period.
8. All containers, vehicles and loading places of a ship or aircraft to be used for transportation of the exported horses shall be cleaned up in advance of loading and thoroughly disinfected under the supervision of the government authorities of Australia with disinfectants approved by the said authorities.
9. The exported horses shall be kept isolated from any other animals during the transportation period in Australia. And no other animals shall be permitted (mix-loading) on board the ship or aircraft used for the transportation of the exported horses to Japan.
10. Feed and litter to be used during the transportation to Japan shall be provided from the same source used for the pre-embarkation quarantine.

11. No additional feed and litter are to be provided at any port of call throughout the transportation of the exported horses to Japan.

(Certification)

12. The government authorities of Australia responsible for issuing the health certificate for the exported horses, stating in English each of the following items in detail.
 - (1) Each requirement of item 1 to 6 and 8 to 10 stated above.
 - (2) Date of sampling, method and result of the test for each disease listed in item 7.
In case that the exported horse is a stallion that was vaccinated against equine viral arteritis, the said horse must satisfy all the conditions in item 2 of ANNEX.
Date of blood sampling immediately prior to the vaccination, kinds of vaccine, each date of blood samplings on the premises (1 time) and at pre-embarkation quarantine facilities (2 times), each date and result of blood sampling from two test mares to be subject to covering tests immediately prior to entering pre-embarkation quarantine of two test mares, and each date of blood samplings (2 times) after the last covering, dates of semen collections (2 times), date and result of virus isolation test.
 - (3) The dates of vaccination, kind and manufacturer's name of each vaccine used for exported horse.
 - (4) Name and address of stabling premises of the exported horses
 - (5) Embarkation-quarantine period with starting and ending dates.
 - (6) Name and address of the embarkation-quarantine facilities.
 - (7) Tattoo number, other features for identification of the exported horses.

(Measures for detecting any infectious disease)

13. In case that any infectious disease is detected during the quarantine period in Japan, the exported horse that meets these animal health requirements can be returned or slaughtered by the animal health authorities in Japan.

ANNEX

Tests and other requirements of the exported horses for equine viral arteritis

1. Non-vaccinated horse

The serum neutralization test in the presence of complement (hereinafter referred to as "the serum neutralization test") is negative result at serum dilution 1:4.

2. A vaccinated stallion satisfies all of the following requirements.

- (1) The government authorities of Australia confirm that a blood sample is taken from the vaccinated stallion immediately prior to the vaccination and that the serum is subjected to the serum neutralization test with negative result at serum dilution 1:4.
- (2) Blood samples are taken from the vaccinated stallion for three time, one time on the premises and two times at the embarkation-quarantine station, and these three sera sample are subject to the same time with a result of either no significant rise (including a four fold rise) of these titers or declining titers. In this case, an interval of taking blood samples shall be about 2 weeks, and the third blood sample is taken within 10 days prior to the shipment.
- (3) In case titers are found maintained in the vaccinated stallion as the result of the serum neutralization test in 2-(2), the said stallion is subjected to covering test or virus isolation from semen.

(a) Covering test

Two test mares to be used for the covering test satisfy the requirements for the horse to be exported to Japan and are isolated at the same embarkation-quarantine station together with the vaccinated stallion for 30 days prior to the shipment of the vaccinated stallion to Japan, with negative results of the following tests.

- [1] Blood samples are taken from the two test mares immediately prior to entering the embarkation-quarantine station, and are subjected to the serum neutralization test with negative results at serum dilution 1:4.
- [2] During the 30 days embarkation-quarantine period, each of the two test mares is covered by the vaccinated stallion twice a day for two days, and on the 14th day and the 28th day respectively after the last covering, the blood samples are taken from each of the two test mares and are subjected to the serum neutralization test with a negative results at serum dilution 1:4.
- [3] The two test mares have been found to be free of signs or symptoms of equine viral arteritis during the 30 days embarkation-quarantine period.

(b) Virus isolation from semen

The vaccinated stallion is isolated at the embarkation-quarantine station for 30 days prior to the shipment to Japan and subjected to the virus isolation test from semen during the said embarkation-quarantine period as follows.

- [1] Disinfectants are not used in cleaning of the collecting instruments and the external genitalia of the stallion prior to collection.
- [2] The collection of semen from the vaccinated stallion is conducted twice at an interval of one day or several days using an artificial vagina or a condom. The sample for virus isolation test is taken from a portion of sperm-rich fraction of the collected semen.
- [3] Two semen samples from the vaccinated stallion are subjected to virus isolation tests in accordance with procedures prescribed in "OIE Manual of Standards for Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines, chapter 2.5.10 EQUINE VIRAL ARTERITIS" with negative result.

豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬の家畜衛生条件（仮訳）

豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬（国際交流競走出走馬は除く。以下、輸出馬という。）に適用される家畜衛生条件は、以下によることとする。

1. 豪州には、アフリカ馬疫、水胞性口炎、馬痘、狂犬病、馬脳脊髄炎（日本脳炎を除く。）、鼻疽、馬パラチフス（salmonella abortus-equi）、仮性皮炎、馬伝染性子宮炎、ピロプラズマ病及びトリパノゾーマ病が存在しないこと。
2. 輸出馬の飼養施設においては、日本向け輸出前、少なくとも3ヶ月の間、馬伝染性貧血、馬インフルエンザ、馬鼻肺炎、腺疫、馬ウイルス性動脈炎及び日本脳炎について臨床的または血清学的に摘発されなかったこと。
3. 輸出馬は上記2の場所において後記5の出国検疫開始前少なくとも60日間飼養されていたものであること。
4. 輸出馬は、出国検疫前1年以内に3から6週間隔で2回（補強注射の場合は1回）、かつ、ワクチン製造者の使用説明書に従い、馬インフルエンザの予防注射を受けたものであること。

（出国検疫）

5. 日本向け輸出馬は、日本向け船積み前、少なくとも7日間以上豪州政府機関によって家畜防疫上安全と認められた施設において係留し、出国検疫期間中は日本向け輸出馬以外の動物と接触していないこと。ただし、別紙の2（3）に基づき交配試験の対象となる馬ウイルス性動脈炎のワクチンを接種された種牡馬については、この限りでない。
6. 輸出馬は上記5の出国検疫期間中における豪州政府獣医官による臨床検査において、いかなる異常も認められなかったこと。
7. 輸出馬は日本向け船積み前30日以内に次の検査を受け、その結果陰性であること。
 - （1）馬伝染性貧血 寒天ゲル内沈降反応
 - （2）馬ウイルス性動脈炎 別紙のとおり
 - （3）馬インフルエンザ ※ PCR 検査

※出国検疫期間中に、7日から10日間隔で2回実施すること。2回目は輸出前4日以内に実施すること。

（輸送）

8. 輸出馬の輸送に使用する輸送箱、車輛及び船舶もしくは航空機の搭載地は、事前に清掃の上、豪州政府が認可した消毒薬で同機関の監視の下で消毒すること。
9. 輸出馬は豪州国内における輸送中、当該輸出馬以外の動物と接触しなかったこと。また、日本向け輸送中、他の動物と混載しないこと。
10. 出国検疫から日本までの輸送中に使用される飼料及び敷料は、出国検疫施設において使用されたものと同一ロットのものであること。
11. 輸出馬の日本への輸送中、寄港地において飼料及び敷料を補給しないこと。

(豪州政府機関による証明)

12. 豪州政府機関は、次の各事項を具体的に記載した検査証明書を発行すること。

(1) 上記1～6及び8～10の各事項。

(2) 上記7に掲げる各検査対象疾病毎の採材年月日、検査方法及び検査結果。

ただし、馬ウイルス性動脈炎のワクチンを接種された種牡馬の場合は、別紙の2の各事項が満足されていること。また、ワクチン接種直前の採血年月日、ワクチンの種類、飼養農場(1回)及び出国検査施設(2回)におけるそれぞれの採血年月日、当該血清の中和試験の実施年月日及び結果、交配試験を実施した場合には交配試験に供する雌馬の係留直前の採血年月日、当該雌馬の係留開始年月日並びに当該雌馬の交配後2回の採血年月日、精液の採取年月日(2回)、ウイルス分離試験の実施年月日及び結果。

(3) 接種を受けているワクチンの種類、接種年月日及び製造所名。

(4) 輸出馬の飼養施設の名称及び所在地。

(5) 出国検査の期間、出国検査開始日及び終了日

(6) 出国検査施設の名称及び所在地。

(7) 個体識別のための入れ墨番号及びその他の特徴

(伝染性疾病摘発時の措置)

13. 当該家畜衛生条件の上記各項目にかかわらず、日本での輸入検査中に家畜の伝染性疾病が摘発された場合には、日本の動物検査所によって当該摘発馬の返送及び処分を行うことができる。

1. ワクチン未接種馬については、次の条件をすべて満たすものであること。中和試験（補体添加法。以下同じ。）により、4倍希釈（1：4）陰性であること。

2. ワクチン接種種雄馬については、次の条件をすべて満たすものであること。

- (1) ワクチン接種種雄馬については、ワクチン接種直前に採血が行われ、当該血情について中和試験を実施した結果1：4陰性であったことが輸出国政府機関により確認されていること。
- (2) ワクチン接種種雄馬については、飼養農場で1回、出国検疫施設で2回採取した3点血清について中和試験を同時に実施し、抗体価については有意の上昇（4倍を含む。）がないか又は下降していること。この場合、採血間隔は概ね2週間で、かつ、3回目の採血は船積み前10日以内に行われること。
- (3) 2-（2）の中和試験の結果、ワクチン接種種雄馬に抗体価の下降が認められない場合には、交配試験または精液からのウイルス分離を実施する。

(a) 交配試験

ワクチン接種種雄馬との交配に供する雌馬2頭については日本向けに輸出される馬の家畜衛生条件を充足するものであって、ワクチン接種種雄馬の日本向け積み出し前30日間はワクチン接種種雄馬とともに出国検疫施設に係留され、以下の検査の結果、陰性であること。

- ① 雌馬2頭については、出国検疫施設での係留直前に採血が行われ、当該血清について中和試験を実施した結果1：4陰性であること。
- ② 雌馬2頭については、30日間の係留期間中に、ワクチン接種種雄馬によってそれぞれ1日2回、2日間にわたって交配されたものであり、最終交配日から14日目及び28日目に採血が行われ、当該血清について中和試験を実施した結果1：4陰性であること。
- ③ 雌馬2頭については、30日間の係留期間中、馬ウイルス性動脈炎を疑う臨床症状を示さなかったものであること。

(b) 精液からのウイルス分離試験

ワクチン接種種雄馬は日本向け船積み前30日間以上出国検疫施設に係留され、当該検疫期間中に以下の検査を受けること。

- ① 採取前の採取器具及び馬の生殖器の洗浄には、薬剤を使用しないこと。
- ② ワクチン接種種雄馬からの精液の採取は人工膣又はコンドームを用いて、1日から数日の間隔で2回実施されること。ウイルス分離試験に使用するサンプルは、採取した精液の精子含有量の多い部分から得ること。
- ③ ワクチン接種馬から採取した2つの精液サンプルについて、「OIEマニュアル」に基づきウイルス分離試験が実施され、その結果それぞれ陰性であること。

ANIMAL HEALTH REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERNATIONAL RACEHORSES TO BE EXPORTED TO JAPAN FROM AUSTRALIA

The animal health requirements for international racehorses to be exported to Japan shall be as follows:

(Definitions)

“International Racehorses” denote racehorses (including training partners) exported to Japan from Australia only for the purpose of participating in an international horserace, not staying in Japan for a period longer than 60 days (duration from the day of release from import animal quarantine to the day prior to the commencement of export quarantine), and leaving Japan immediately after the international horserace.

(General Requirement)

1. During 60 days immediately prior to its shipment to Japan, the International Racehorse shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) The horse has resided only in Australia.
- (2) There have been no outbreaks of African horse sickness and Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for at least 2 years in Australia.
- (3) The horse has been stabled under veterinary supervision in premises which has been free from the diseases listed below (*) for at least 60 days immediately prior to its shipment to Japan, and has furthermore not shown any clinical sign of listed diseases (*).
- (4) The horse has not entered premises used for horse breeding, nor has been used for natural mating or artificial insemination.

*** Listed diseases**

Anthrax, Epizootic lymphangitis, Equine infectious anemia, Equine influenza, Equine encephalitis (Eastern and Western equine encephalomyelitis, Japanese encephalitis), Equine morbillivirus pneumonia (Hendra virus infection), Equine paratyphoid, Equine piroplasmiasis, Equine rhinopneumonitis, Equine trypanosomiasis, Equine viral arteritis, Glanders, Horse pox, Nipah virus infection, Rabies and Vesicular stomatitis

2. The International Racehorse shall meet one of the following requirements:

The horse shall be tested for the following diseases with negative results within 30

days immediately prior to shipment to Japan.

- i Equine infectious anemia: Agar-gel immunodiffusion test
 - ii Equine viral arteritis: Serum neutralization test
 - iii Equine Influenza: PCR or antigen ELISA on a nasopharyngeal swab taken during 5 days prior to shipment to Japan
3. The International Racehorse shall be vaccinated against Equine influenza on two occasions at an interval of 3 to 6 weeks (or once in the case of booster), and as per manufacturer's instructions, within 6 months immediately prior to shipment to Japan. However, the horse shall not be vaccinated with a live vaccine within 2 weeks immediately prior to shipment to Japan.
4. During the 60 days prior to export, no case of West Nile virus infection was confirmed within 50 kilometers of any premises in Australia where the International Racehorse has been held during the 14 days immediately prior to export to Japan.
5. All containers, land vehicles and loading areas of any ship or aircraft used in the transportation of the International Racehorse within Australia shall be fully cleaned and disinfected in advance with a chemicals registered by the government authorities of Australia.
6. The International Racehorse shall not be loaded together with any equine or cloven-hoofed animal, except another racehorse participating in international horse races in Japan.

(The responsibility of exporters)

7. No additional feed and/or litter is allowed to be provided during the transportation to Japan.

(Certification)

8. The government authorities of Australia are responsible for issuing a health certificate in English which lists stipulated below.
- (1) Aforementioned article 1 and 4 to 6.
 - (2) Dates, methods and results of examinations for each disease listed in aforementioned article 2.
 - (3) Date of vaccination and kind of vaccine used for equine influenza.

- (4) Date of vaccination and kind of vaccine used in the event that the International Racehorse has been vaccinated against diseases other than equine influenza.
 - (5) Name and address of the premises in which the International Racehorse is usually stabled.
 - (6) Residence period (including date of import and export) of all countries in which the International Racehorse has resided within 60 days immediately prior to shipment to Japan.
 - (7) Name and address of all premises in which the International Racehorse has resided within 60 days immediately prior to shipment to Japan.
 - (8) Microchip number, tattoo number, or any other distinguishing characteristics for identification of the horse.
 - (9) Date of issue, name and title of signer, and authorities name and address of the inspection certificate
9. In the event that any infectious diseases are detected in the International Racehorse during import quarantine inspection in Japan, animal health authorities in Japan shall retain the discretion of reshipping or slaughtering the affected racehorse.
10. The Animal Health Division of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries of Japan shall be notified in the event of an outbreak of equine piroplasmiasis, equine trypanosomiasis, glanders, Nipah virus infection and vesicular stomatitis in Australia.

オーストラリアから日本向けに輸出される国際交流競走出走馬の家畜衛生条件
日本向けに輸出される国際交流競走出走馬の家畜衛生条件は、以下によることとする。

(定義)

「輸出競走馬」

日本において開催される国際交流競走に参加することのみを目的として豪州から日本向けに輸出され、日本滞在期間（輸入検疫解放日から輸出検疫開始前日まで。）が60日以内であり、国際交流競走出走後直ちに出国する競走馬及びその帯同馬。

(一般条件)

1. 国際交流競走出走馬は、日本向け輸出前60日の間、以下の条件に合致していたこと。

- (1) 豪州に滞在していたこと。
- (2) 豪州においては過去2年間にアフリカ馬疫及びヴェネズエラ馬脳炎が発生のないこと。
- (3) 獣医師の監視下にある施設に飼養されていたものであり、それらの施設では日本向け輸出前60日間、下記※の疾病の発生がなく、※の疾病について臨床的にその兆候が認められなかったこと。
- (4) 繁殖用馬が飼養されている施設には立ち入っておらず、自然交配又は人工交配に供されなかったこと。

※ 炭疽、仮性皮疽、馬伝染性貧血、馬インフルエンザ、流行性脳炎（西部馬脳炎、東部馬脳炎及び日本脳炎）、馬モルビリウイルス肺炎（ヘンドラウイルス感染症）、馬パラチフス、馬ピロプラズマ病、馬鼻肺炎、馬トリパノソーマ病、馬ウイルス性動脈炎、鼻疽、馬痘、ニパウイルス感染症、狂犬病及び水胞性口炎

2. 国際交流競走出走馬は、以下の条件に合致すること。

日本向け輸出前30日以内に豪州において次の検査を受け、その結果陰性であること。

- i 馬伝染性貧血 : 寒天ゲル内沈降反応
- ii 馬ウイルス性動脈炎 : 中和試験
- iii 馬インフルエンザ : 日本向け輸出前5日以内に採取された鼻腔スワブを用いたPCR または抗原検出 ELISA

3. 国際交流競走出走馬は、日本向け輸出前6ヶ月以内に3から6週間隔で2回（補強注射の場合は1回）、かつ、ワクチン製造者の使用説明書に従い、馬インフルエンザの予防注射を受けたものであること。ただし、日本向け輸出前2週間以内に生ワクチンを

接種されていないこと。

4. 国際交流競走出走馬は、当該馬の日本向け輸出前60日の間、半径50km以内にウエストナイルウイルス感染症の発生がない施設において、日本向け輸出前14日間以上飼養され、臨床的にその兆候が認められなかったこと。
5. 国際交流競走出走馬の日本への輸送に使用する輸送箱、車両及び船舶又は航空機の搭載場所は、事前に清掃の上、豪州政府機関で登録された消毒薬で消毒したものであること。
6. 日本で開催される国際交流競走に参加する競走馬以外の動物（馬及び偶蹄類動物）を混載しないこと。

(輸出者の責務)

7. 日本への輸送中、寄港地において飼料及び敷料を補給しないこと。

(証明書記載事項)

8. リスト国政府機関は国際交流競走出走馬について次の各事項を英語で具体的に記載した検査証明書を発行すること。
 - (1) 前記1及び4から6の各事項
 - (2) 前記2に掲げる疾病について、その実施年月日、検査方法
 - (3) 馬インフルエンザワクチンの接種年月日及びその種類
 - (4) 国際交流競走出走馬が馬インフルエンザワクチン以外のワクチン接種を受けている場合は、そのワクチンの種類及び接種年月日
 - (5) 国際交流競走出走馬の所属施設の名称及び所在地
 - (6) 国際交流競走出走馬が日本向け輸出前60日間に滞在したすべての国と滞在期間（輸出入年月日も記載）
 - (7) 国際交流競走出走馬が日本向け輸出前60日間に滞在したすべての施設の名称及び所在地
 - (8) 個体識別のためのマイクロチップ番号、入れ墨番号又はその他の特徴
 - (9) 検査証明書の発行年月日、発行者の氏名及び所属機関名称及び住所
9. 当該家畜衛生条件の上記各項目にかかわらず、日本での輸入検疫中に国際交流競走出走馬で監視伝染病が摘発された場合には、日本の家畜衛生当局によって、当該摘発競走馬は返送又は殺処分することができる。

10. 豪州において馬ピロプラズマ病、馬トリパノソーマ症、鼻疽、ニパウイルス感染症及び水胞性口炎が発生した際には、日本国農林水産省消費・安全局動物衛生課に届けること。



29 消安第 4149 号
平成 29 年 11 月 2 日

動物検疫所長 殿

動物衛生課長

、豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬及び国際交流競走出走馬に添付される証明書様式の改正について

今般、豪州から日本向けに輸出される馬及び国際交流競走出走馬については、別紙様式の検査証明書を発行する旨、豪州家畜衛生当局より通知があったので、了知の上、動物検疫の実施に当たっては的確な対応をお願いします。





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Name and Address of Exporter AUSTRALIA	Name and Address of Importer JAPAN	
	Import Permit N ^o	

Description of Animals			
Number	Kind (Species)	Class (Companion, competition, breeder etc)	Identification (microchip, eartags etc)
	Horse		Graphic ID attached

Description of Animal Reproductive Material			
Number	Kind (Species and type; eg bovine semen)	Condition (Fresh/Frozen)	Identification (straw numbers, packing list)

The goods have complied with the requirements set out in the following page/s.		Official Stamp
Name of Authorised Officer	Identity N ^o	
Signature of Authorised Officer	Date of Issue	



Australian Government

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VETERINARY HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR HORSES TO BE EXPORTED TO JAPAN FROM AUSTRALIA

Breed	Colour	Age	Sex	Name

Graphic identifications attached

- Australia is free from: African horse sickness, vesicular stomatitis, horse pox, rabies, equine encephalomyelitis (excluding Japanese encephalitis), glanders, equine paratyphoid (*Salmonella abortusequi*), epizootic lymphangitis, contagious equine metritis, equine piroplasmiasis and equine trypanosomiasis.
- There have been no clinical signs or serologically positive* cases of: equine infectious anaemia, equine influenza, equine rhinopneumonitis, strangles, equine viral arteritis and Japanese encephalitis on the stabling premises for at least 3 months prior to shipment to Japan.
(* serologically positive: laboratory reports showing at least a fourfold increase in antibody levels from serological tests taken 10-14 days apart)
- The exported horses have been stabled on the premises stated in item 2 above for at least 60 days immediately before the commencement of embarkation-quarantine in item 5 below.

During the 60 days period the listed export horses in this consignment were stabled at:

- Name & Address 1 (include name of horse and name and address of stable)
- Name & Address 2
- Name & Address 3
- Name & Address 4

- The exported horses have been vaccinated against equine influenza twice at 3 to 6 weeks intervals (once in the case of a booster), and as per manufacturers' instructions, within 1 (one) year prior to entering the embarkation-quarantine station using inactivated vaccine. (Embarkation-quarantine)

Horse	Vaccination date(s)	Primary / Booster	Type of vaccine used	Manufacturer	Batch No's.

- The exported horses were isolated in an embarkation-quarantine station authorised by the government authorities of Australia for at least 7 days immediately prior shipment to Japan as a secured and guaranteed place from an animal health point of view. After entry into the embarkation-quarantine station, the exported horses have not had contact with other equidae or domestic animals which are not destined for export to Japan. However, in the case that the exported horses are stallions that were vaccinated against equine viral arteritis, the requirement that the exported horses have not had contact with other animals can be modified to allow the testing requirements for equine viral arteritis (Clause 7b below).

Name and address of embarkation quarantine:	
Start date of embarkation quarantine: (dd/mm/yyyy)	End date of embarkation quarantine: (dd/mm/yyyy)

- The exported horses showed no signs of any infectious disease through careful clinical inspections conducted by the government veterinarians of Australia during the period of the embarkation-quarantine stated in item 5 above.



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7) The exported horses tested negative for the following tests (**laboratory results attached**) within the period of 30 days immediately before shipment to Japan:

a) **equine infectious anaemia: agar gel immunodiffusion test (AGID)**

Date of sampling: (dd/mm/yyyy)

b) **equine viral arteritis:** (delete where appropriate)

i) Non vaccinated horse: serum neutralisation (SN) test (negative is no reaction at 1:4 or greater)

Date of sampling: (dd/mm/yyyy)

ii) Stallions vaccinated for EVA

Vaccination date(s): (dd/mm/yyyy)

Type of vaccine used:

Name of manufacturer:

Batch Number:

Blood samples were taken from the vaccinated stallion immediately prior to the vaccination on (dd/mm/yyyy) and the serum was subjected to SN test with a negative result at a serum dilution 1:4.

Blood samples were taken from the vaccinated stallion three times, at intervals of not less than 2 weeks. The first sample on (dd/mm/yyyy) at the stabling premises, and twice at the embarkation-quarantine station on (dd/mm/yyyy) and on (dd/mm/yyyy). The third blood sample was taken within 10 days prior to shipment.

All three samples were subject to SN test with a result of, either no significant rise (less than a fourfold rise) of these titres, or declining titres.

In the case that titres were maintained, the vaccinated stallion was subjected to (A) COVERING TEST with negative result or (B) VIRUS ISOLATION FROM SEMEN with a negative result as described below.

c) **equine influenza: PCR test for influenza A or equine influenza virus***

* The tests must be performed twice 7 to 10 days apart with last test performed within 4 days of departure and each test must be performed during the embarkation-quarantine period.

1st sample collection date: (dd/mm/yyyy)

2nd sample collection date: (dd/mm/yyyy)

8) An Australian government officer directly supervised the cleaning and disinfecting of all the containers, vehicles and loading places of a ship or aircraft to be used in the transportation of the exported horses with chemicals registered by the Australian government.

9) The exported horses were isolated from any other animals during the transportation period in Australia. And no other animals were permitted (mix loading) on board the ship or aircraft used for the transportation of the exported horses to Japan.

10) Feed and litter to be used during the transportation to Japan were provided from the same source used for the embarkation-quarantine.

A. COVERING TEST

Two test mares used for the covering test satisfy the requirements for horses to be exported to Japan and were isolated at the same embarkation-quarantine station together with the vaccinated stallion for 30 days prior to the shipment of the vaccinated stallion to Japan, with negative results of the following tests:

a) Blood samples were taken from the two test mares immediately prior to entering the embarkation-quarantine station, and were subjected to the serum neutralisation test with a negative result at a serum dilution of 1:4



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- b) During the 30 days embarkation-quarantine period, each of the two test mares were covered by the vaccinated stallion twice a day for two days, and on the 14th day and 28th day respectively after the last covering, blood samples were taken from each of the two test mares and were subjected to the serum neutralisation test with a negative result at a serum dilution of 1:4
- c) The two test mares were found to be free of signs or symptoms of equine viral arteritis during the 30 days embarkation-quarantine period.

B. VIRUS ISOLATION FROM SEMEN

The vaccinated stallion was isolated at the embarkation-quarantine station for 30 days prior to shipment to Japan, and subjected to the virus isolation test from semen during the said embarkation-quarantine period as follows:

- a) Disinfectants were not used in cleaning of the collecting instruments and the external genitalia of the stallion prior to collection.
- b) The collection of semen from the vaccinated stallion was conducted twice at an interval of one day or several days using an artificial vagina or a condom. The sample for virus isolation test is taken from a portion of sperm-rich fraction of the collected semen.
- c) Two semen samples from the vaccinated stallion were subjected to virus isolation tests in accordance with procedures prescribed in "OIE Manual of Standards for Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines, chapter 2.5.10 EQUINE VIRAL ARTERITIS" with negative result.

SAMPLE

		Official Stamp
Name of Authorised Officer	Identity N ^o	
Signature of Authorised Officer	DD/MM/YYYY Date of Issue	



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Name and Address of Exporter AUSTRALIA	Name and Address of Importer JAPAN Import Permit N^o
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Description of Animals			
<u>Number</u>	<u>Kind (Species)</u>	<u>Class (Companion, competition, breeder etc)</u>	<u>Identification (microchip, eartags etc)</u>
	Horse	Competition	Graphic ID attached

Description of Animal Reproductive Material			
<u>Number</u>	<u>Kind (Species and type; eg bovine semen)</u>	<u>Condition (Fresh/Frozen)</u>	<u>Identification (straw numbers, packing list)</u>

The goods have complied with the requirements set out in the following page/s.		Official Stamp
Name of Authorised Officer	Identity N ^o	
Signature of Authorised Officer	DD/MM/YYYY Date of Issue	



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VETERINARY HEALTH CERTIFICATE FOR INTERNATIONAL RACEHORSES TO BE EXPORTED TO JAPAN FROM AUSTRALIA

Breed	Colour	Age	Sex	Name

Graphic identifications attached

- 1) During the 60 days immediately prior to shipment to Japan, the International racehorse met the following requirements:
 - a) The horse has resided only in Australia
 - b) There have been no outbreaks of African horse sickness and Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for at least 2 years in Australia.
 - c) The horse has been stabled under veterinary supervision in premises which have been free from the diseases listed below (*) for at least 60 days immediately prior to its shipment to Japan, and has furthermore not shown any clinical signs of listed diseases (*).
*Listed diseases: Anthrax, Epizootic lymphangitis, Equine infectious anaemia, Equine influenza, Equine encephalitis (Eastern and Western equine encephalomyelitis, Japanese encephalitis), Equine morbillivirus pneumonia (Hendra virus infection), Equine paratyphoid, equine piroplasmosis, Equine rhinopneumonitis, Equine trypanosomiasis, Equine viral arteritis, Glanders, Horse pox, Nipah virus infection, Rabies and vesicular stomatitis.
 - d) The horse has not entered premises used for horse breeding, nor has been used for natural mating or artificial insemination.
- 2) The horse has been tested for the following diseases with negative results within 30 days immediately prior to shipment to Japan (delete those not applicable):
 - a) Equine infectious anaemia: Agar-gel immunodiffusion test
Date of Sampling: (dd/mm/yyyy)
 - b) Equine viral arteritis: Serum neutralisation test
Date of Sampling: (dd/mm/yyyy)
 - c) Equine Influenza: PCR or antigen ELISA on a nasopharyngeal swab taken during the 5 days prior to shipment to Japan
Date of sampling: (dd/mm/yyyy)
- 3) The International Racehorse has been vaccinated against Equine influenza on two occasions at an interval of 3 to 6 weeks (or once in the case of a booster), and as per manufacturers' instructions, within 6 months immediately prior to shipment to Japan. The horse has not been vaccinated with a live vaccine within 2 weeks immediately prior to shipment to Japan.

Horse	Vaccination date(s)	Primary / Booster	Type of vaccine used	Manufacturer	Batch No's.

- 4) During the 60 days prior to export, no case of West Nile virus infection was confirmed within 50 kilometres of any premises in Australia where the International Racehorse has been held during the 14 days immediately prior to export to Japan.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE & WATER RESOURCES



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- 5) All containers, land vehicles and loading areas of any ship or aircraft used in the transportation of the International Racehorse within Australia have been fully cleaned and disinfected in advance with chemicals registered by the government authorities of Australia.
- 6) The International Racehorse has not been loaded together with any equine or cloven-hooved animal, except another racehorse participating in international horse races in Japan.
- 7) Where the International Racehorse has been vaccinated against diseases other than equine influenza:

Horse Identification:
 Date of Vaccination:
 Type of vaccine used:

- 8) Name and address of premises where the International Racehorse is usually stabled:

Name and Address

- 9) Name and address of all premises in which the International Racehorse resided within 60 days immediately prior to shipment to Japan:

Residence Period	Country	Name and Address of Premises

		Official Stamp
Name of Authorised Officer		Identity N ^o
Signature of Authorised Officer		DD/MM/YYYY Date of Issue